





AGENDA

- I. Setting Strategic Objectives: What is a strategic objective? How do they fit into my organization's strategic plan?
- II. Goal Cascading: Goal cascading is part of driving accountability from strategy to daily action. What are the tips to doing it correctly?
- III. SMART Goals: How do you write goals that will drive action and produce results?
- IV. Measures and Targets that Matter









LONG-TERM STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES OVERVIEW

What must we focus on to achieve our vision?

What are the "big rocks"?

Definition:

Long-term, broad, continuous statements that holistically address all areas of your organization.

Outcome:

Framework for your plan - no more than 6



STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES DEFINITION IN DETAIL

Long-term, broad, continuous statements that address all areas of your organization. If you have a five-year vision, these would be three- to four-year intermediate guideposts on the way there.

- In what areas will we continue being actively involved in for the next 5+years?
- What areas do we need to be involved in to reach our vision?
- What areas do we need to be involved in to accomplish our mission?



QUESTIONS TO ASK

- 1. What are our shareholders or stakeholders expectations for our financial performance or social outcomes?
- 2. To reach our outcomes, what value must we provide to our customers? What is our value proposition?
- 3. To provide value, what process must we excel at to deliver our products and services?
- 4. To drive our processes, what skills, capabilities and organizational structure must we have?



EXAMPLES

Financial:

Establish a financially stable and profitable company.

Customer:

• Introduce current products to two new markets.

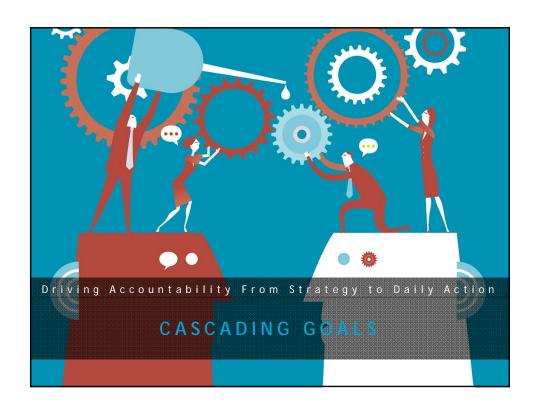
Internal Processes:

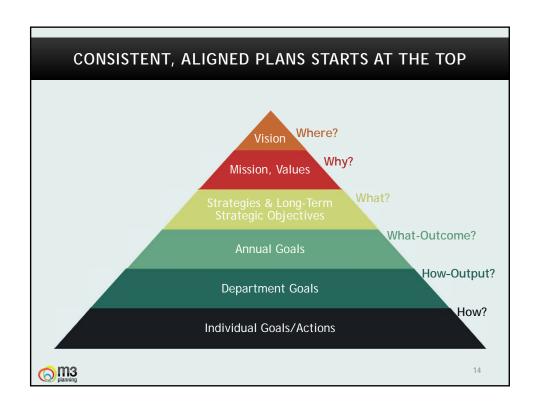
 Achieve order fulfillment excellence through on-line process improvement.

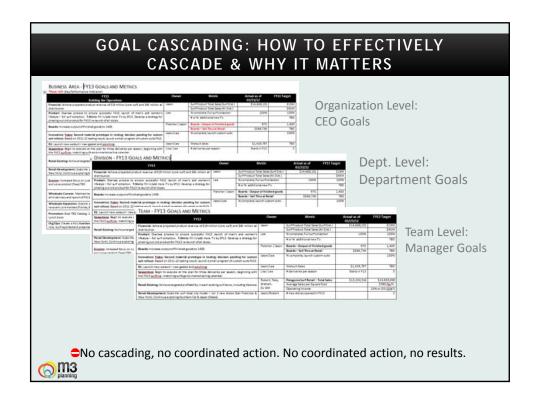
People & Learning:

 Provide employees with challenging and rewarding work.







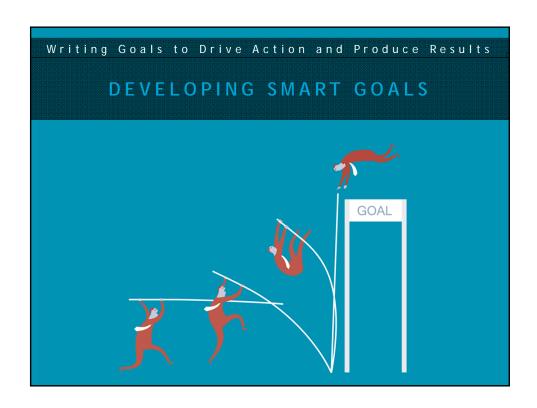


GOAL CASCADING			
Number	Level	Who is responsible	Time Frame
1	Long-Term Strategic Objective	Not assigned - far reaching and very broad	3-5 years
	Corporate Goal	Corporate-wide - not assigned Must have Target and Measure (KPI)	18-24 months
	Department Goal	Assigned to Department responsible for seeing this goal completed. Must have Target & Measure	12-18 months
	Team Member Goal	Assigned to Team Member responsible for seeing this goal completed. Must have Target & Measure	6-12 months
	Team Member Action	Assigned to Team Member responsible for seeing this action completed. Short term items only. Must have Target & Measure	30, 60, 90 days

CASCADING GOALS THROUGH ORG.

- 1 Increase new customer base.
- 1.1 Reach a 15% annual increase in new customers by 2012. (Due annually for 2 years)
- 1.1.1 Implement marketing campaign to draw in new markets. (Marketing, due in 12 months)
 - 1.1.1.1. Research the opportunities in new markets that we could expand into. (Doug (Marketing), due in 6 months)
 - 1.1.1.1 Complete a competitive analysis study of our current and prospective markets. (Doug (Marketing), due in 60 days)
 - 1.1.1.2 Develop campaign material for new markets. (Mary (Marketing), due in 10 months)
 - 1.1.1.2.1 Research marketing methods best for reaching the new markets. (Mary-Marketing), due in 8 months)





THE ANATOMY OF A GOOD GOAL

(Action verb) +
(single key result - from X to Y) +
 (purpose - why) through
 (explain how if the clarity is
necessary) by when (target date).



THINK S.M.A.R.T. WHEN YOU CREATE YOUR GOALS



- Provide direction, clarity and momentum to achieving a vision
- Communicate the outcome (Why)
- Be clear about ownership/accountability
- Clear and simple
- To (action verb) (single key result) by (target date) requiring (resources).

Goals are dreams with deadlines.
-Diana Scharf Hunt

(S) planning

EXAMPLES

Financial 1-Year Goals:

- Increase our billable hours by 10% over the next 12 months. (Measure: # billable hours / Target: 1.2%)
- Achieve sales growth of 10% per year. (Measure: Monthly sales / Target: 1.2%)

Customer 1-Year Goals:

- Realize 10% of the company's annual sales from the small business market by end of the next year. (Measure: # of small business clients / Target: 100)
- Reach a 15% annual increase in new customers by end of year 2012. (Measure: % increase in new customers / Target: 15%)



EXAMPLES

Internal Processes 1-Year Goals:

- Reduce the time lapse between order data and delivery from 6 days to 4 days by this June. (Measure: # of days to process each order / Target: 4 days)
- Reduce the number of returns due to shipping errors from 3% to 2%. (Measure: # of returns due to shipping errors / Target: 2%)

People & Learning 1-Year Goals:

- Reduce turnover among sales managers by 10% by the end of the year. (Measure: Employee turnover / Target: 10%)
- Hire and train a human relations director by the end of the year. (Measure: Director hired / Target: 100%)



SO WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A "SMART" GOAL AND AN "UNSMART" GOAL?

How do we make this SMART?

Un-SMART Goal:

We want to increase Sierra Technology's income 20%

SMART Goal:

Increase Sierra Technology's income to \$120 M by Jan. 2013.

Increase S. T. revenue by 20% by increasing 3 new \$1M level customers by Dec. 15, 2012.

If a man knows not what harbor he seeks, any wind is the right wind.



HOW DO WE IMPROVE THESE GOALS?

- 1. Improve productivity of receiving clerks.
 - Improve productivity of our receiving clerks by improving their typing speed by 3 WPM each month until they reach 60 WPM.
- 2. Improve customer service outcomes in CSM dept.
 - Reduce the number of service calls which last over 15 minutes to under 6 per day. (or)
 - Increase the number of service calls per agent by reducing the number of services calls, which last over 10 minutes to under 5 per day.
- 3. Complete strategic plan for our company.
 - Complete the Sierra Technology S.P. by Dec. 2011.



EVALUATION-DID WE GET IT RIGHT?

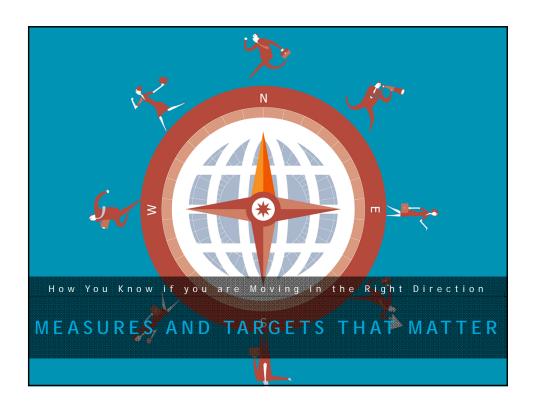
- Are all of your goals SMART: specific, measurable, attainable, responsible, and time-bound?
- Do the goals spell out the outcome you are seeking?
- Do all of your goals have start and end dates?
- Is the measure and target for each goal clear enough to stand on its own?



In Business, goal setting that is S.M.A.R.T. can make a huge difference in maintaining growth and momentum. Whether you run a modest department or a massive corporation, make sure that you always make an effort to add these properties to the goals you set!







MOVING FROM OUTPUTS TO OUTCOMES

- What is the result or outcome of achieving the objective?
- Why are we working on this objective?
- How will we know we have accomplished the objective?
- What do we expect to see different as a result of accomplishing this activity/project?



GOOD PERFORMANCE MEASURES

- Provide a way to see if our strategy is working
- Focus staff's attention on what matters most to success
- Should provide common and understandable language for communicating to others
- Are valid and realistic, to ensure measurement of the right things
- Are verifiable, to ensure accurate data



TYPES OF MEASURES OUTPUT VS. OUTCOME

Project Measure - Progress against a project or initiative that has a terminus (i.e. stoplight status).

✓ Usually % complete



Process Measures - Measures activities and processes such as cycle time, frequency, error rate or processspecific metrics. # of sales

- ✓ Frequency of events
- ✓ Number of trainings



TYPES OF MEASURES OUTPUT VS. OUTCOME

Outcome Measure (Quantitative) - End result of whether initiatives meet proposed targets/standards, and demonstrate impact and benefit to the business. oact and benefit to the business.

✓ Cumulative impact as result of educational services

Omygofsales

% increase email file growth

Key Performance Indicator (KPI) - Metric and non-metric measurements essential to the completion of an organization's goals.

- Each organization narrows the possible list down to a manageable group of KPIs that make the most difference to performance. \$ global environmental giving
- KPIs are linked to Goals/Initiatives.



DEVELOPING YOUR PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Improve processes on Mobile Health Van utilizing the St. Elves methodology as demonstrated by an increase in patient volume.

Or:

Increase in patient volume in 2013 through implementing the St. Elves patient workflow methodology for the Mobile Health Van.

Source: Mobile Health Van patient volume report

Measure: Patients seen per day

Target: 10% over last year (Current 85/day) or 93.

End Date: 12/31/2013



TIPS

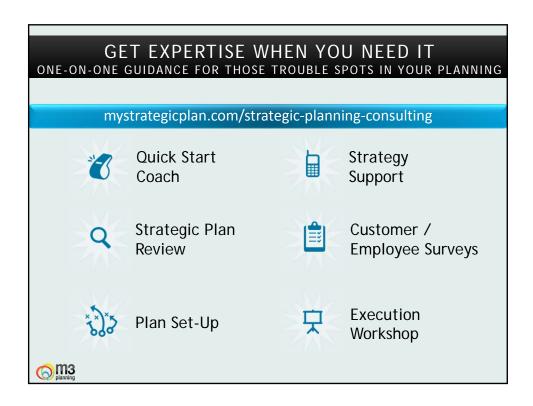
- Provide a way to see if your strategy is working
- Focus employees', managers' and board's attention on what matters most to success
- Provide for employee development so as to empower the team
- Should provide common and understandable language for communicating to others
- Are valid and realistic, to ensure measurement of the right things
- Are verifiable, to ensure accurate data



EVALUATION-DID WE GET IT RIGHT?

- Have you identified three to five indicators that will provide an ongoing assessment of your progress?
- Are the indicators you selected as KPIs truly "key" and track outcomes not just outputs?
- Is the measure and target for each goal clear enough to stand on its own?
- Is the associated measure and target something you can measure monthly and will you be able to see movement?





UPCOMING TRAININGS

- Execution, Execution, Execution
 December 18 | 9 a.m. PT
- Strategic Planning 101
 January 8 | 9 a.m. PT
- Setting Strategic Objectives and Cascading Goals
 January 15 | 12 p.m. PT

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To view one of our latest white papers titled,

"Are Your SMART Goals Dumb?"

Go to:

http://mystrategicplan.com/goal-writing-the-rightway/



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